



Recommendations to implementation

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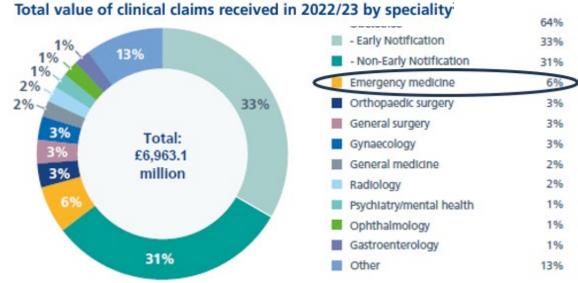




Context: ED claims

- In 2022/23 emergency medicine claims accounted for 12% of the volume of clinical claims and 6% of the total cost.
- These figures have remained relatively stable for a number of years but with declining ED performance,
 there is a risk that the volume and value of claims will rise if we do nothing to support the system to provide safe emergency care.
- The 'Recommendation to Implementation' Emergency Medicine Tool aims to support the system to provide high quality, safe care.









Information overload

- One of the challenges facing clinicians is the information and recommendation overload.
- There is an increasing demand to identify, understand and follow multiple guidelines and recommendations, from numerous sources.
- Some of these recommendations:
 - Offer advice and support on the same issue
 - Do not consider wider resource or training requirements
 - Are not evidence-based
 - Are not prioritised meaning that it is unclear which recommendation to follow first in an ED setting





Overarching purpose

This project aims to support:

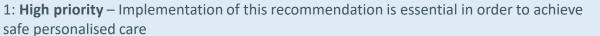
- 1. The delivery of two strategic aims outlined in NHS Patient Safety Strategy:
 - a. equipping patients, staff and partners with the skills and opportunities to improve patient safety throughout the whole system (Involvement)
 - b. designing and supporting programmes that deliver effective and sustainable change in the most important areas (Improvement).
- 2. The Delivery plan for recovering urgent and emergency care services (2023)





Case of need [To be completed at Trust level]										
Clinical risk	Theme	Indentified in (clinical governance)	Financial risk	Strategic priority						
				EXAMPLE E.g. 1 Caring for our patients						
				2. Caring for our staff						
				3 Resource management						
				C Theodol Control Department						
	Diagnostic error including failure to investigate and/or missed, wrong and delayed diagnoses	Clinical incidents Complaints , PSIRF Priorities	Cost of ongoing clinical negligence claims							
	Diagnostic error including failure									
	to investigate and/or missed,									
	wrong and delayed diagnoses									
Acute medical conditions requiring immediate attention and	Delays in care, including specialty reviews and missed therapeutic options									
treatment in ED	Repeat attendance or patient not reattending when advised									







plans for improvement. These should include ED senior

2: **Medium priority** - Implementing this recommendation would make a significant contribution towards achieving safe personalised care

3: **Standard priority** - Implementing this recommendation would progress existing policy initiatives targeting safe personalised care. Standard priority is about progress on initiatives or work which is already underway but still important

	Implementation				
Recommendation	Priority	▼	Evidence of implementation	Additional comments	Implementaion BRAG Rating
					\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Recommendation 1: Consistent use of the national early	High priority	,	System change, Increase in		Amber: there are issues
warning system scoring to identify deteriorating patients and take effective action.	, , , , , , , ,		knowledge , Relevent busings case , Procurement	s	that may slow down the implementation
			cuse, i rocurement		the implementation
Recommendation 2: Provider trusts to implement multidisciplinary training programmes supported by Royal					
Colleges and Health Education England (HEE) programmes, with a focus on preventing and reducing diagnostic error.	es and Health Education England (HEE) programmes, IMPLEMENTATION BRAG RATING:				ı
			nmendation is complete a	and handed over to anoth	ner group
Recommendation 3: Introduce regular multidisciplinary team			endation is on track es that may slow down th	e implementation of the	action/ recommendati
(MDT)/wider specialty clinical governance meeting to regularly meet to discuss cases such as specialty reviews and action RED: The implementation of the action/ recommendation is stopped or in immediate the implementation of the action of					





If Implementation BRAG rating amber or red (If risk is difficult to mitigate or outside of control of team/organisation, consider indirect and related risks that instead can be controlled) Risk mitigation plan -Reflected in risk Risk mitigation plan -Board aware register internal escalation external escalation Support from Patient Safety team aware & Yes Yes NHSR/NHSE/Other input provided





If you are interested in participating in this Proof of Concept use of R2I EM tool, please contact Leann Morris or myself

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